

## Learning from Horizon 2020 evaluators



#### FACILITATING THE WORK OF EVALUATORS ALWAYS IS A GOOD STRATEGY!

- ✓ You need to get into the head of the evaluator.
- ✓ Fill in all fields and all sections to be evaluated, using exactly the default template structure and headings, as this greatly facilitates the work of the evaluators.
- ✓ PROOFREAD your proposal before submitting! It is important to pay attention to the language and evaluation criteria when writing. A clear presentation of the project benefits the applicant.

#### WHAT DOES A WINNING PROPOSAL LOOK LIKE?

- 1. Be **excellent** (that is "clear and logical") in all 3 parts: excellence, impact and implementation. They all count for your evaluation score.
- 2. Ensure the scientific **soundness** of the proposal. Always respond to the specifics of the call (concept needs to be consistent and focused throughout the proposal).
- 3. Prove the **uniqueness** of your project (not just adding knowledge), couple it with realistic objectives (how is the project implemented).
- 4. Bear in mind that the structure of the proposal is as important as its content (e.g. your explanation of how you will solve the problems addressed). This means a good layout and design, including images (graphics, photographs, drawings...), but do not overdo it.
- 5. Address **impact at all levels** (individual, institutional, societal), not just the economic onesimpact can be understood differently (e.g. social, environmental, educational or political impact). Identify different target groups audiences to solve the problem/s of a large community.

If something is still unclear, contact your NCP!

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# Recommendations to Societal Challenge 6 applicants

EXCELLENCE	
DOs	DON´Ts
<ul> <li>Define objectives clearly. Have in mind what you want to achieve.</li> <li>The project objectives must coherently respond to the size of the project.</li> <li>Try to be original, creative and innovative. How does the project differ from other projects?</li> <li>Be ambitious in relation to the "what", but realistic on the "how".</li> <li>Balance the consortium: choose a reliable coordinator. Try a balance between partners with different backgrounds (academic disciplines, possibly different regions, non-academic partners).</li> <li>Provide a detailed description of your methodology, technical solutions, etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>or mention only a single expert in a relevant scient area. This actually weakens the proposal.</li> <li>Don't generate doubts about the expertise of the partry by only naming one or two publications or projects. could give the evaluator a bad impression of the expert of the consortium.</li> <li>If you are working with case studies, don't creat specific task to select them during the project. Costudies should be chosen beforehand, as a lack of a project.</li> </ul>
IMP	АСТ
DOs	DON'Ts
<ul> <li>When planning, be concrete and precise.</li> <li>Show links between different disciplines.</li> <li>Quantify the impact of the proposed dissemination, communication and exploitation measures.</li> <li>Show sustainability: Explain what happens to project results after the project.</li> <li>Talk about impact at all levels, (individual, institutional, societal), not only at an economic level.</li> <li>Take into account the policy context and all the expected impacts specifically described in the topic.</li> <li>Demonstrate how you will enhance innovation capacity and integration of new knowledge.</li> <li>A good Data Management Plan is essential.</li> <li>Guarantee a good gender balance within the consortium.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Avoid undefined impacts and results in the text, or the which are not measureable (or worst, don't even try measure).</li> <li>Don't quote literally the required impact from the constrained take it as a basis and develop your own impact.</li> <li>Don't confuse the dissemination with communication exploitation concepts. They may look alike, but are the same.</li> <li>Don't copy and paste from other proposals (i.e. sa communication plan for every proposal).</li> <li>Don't write the Impact section at the last minute, independently from the rest of the proposal. Imp</li> </ul>
IMPLEME	should be integrated throughout the entire proposal.
DOs	DON'Ts
<ul> <li>Provide details and quantification. Use tables. Ensure appropriateness of the management structures and procedures, including a risk table.</li> <li>Include well-timed tasks and activities together with a well-balanced allocation to partners, justified resources and budget.</li> <li>Create a consortium with partners who complement tasks and whose expertise is well balanced.</li> <li>Clearly mention the intended target group for each dissemination action that is addressed (e.g. end users?).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Don't plan vague deliverables and milestones, or lac "Plan B" and contingency measures.</li> <li>Don't include unnecessary risks. Risks must be credit and presented in combination with possible solutions.</li> <li>Don't try to re-invent the wheel in 4 months with onl PM. The tasks must be possible with the number of requested.</li> <li>Don't only ask friends (to be part of your project); rather the solution of the possible solution of the post of your project).</li> </ul>
Clearly mention the intended target group for each	care about involving those with the right (best) exper ean Commission Experts database registration ore

